



ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES – II

WORKBOOK – PART 2



4

Name: _____

Section: _____ Roll No.: _____

School: _____

Preface

IMAX partners with schools, supporting them with learning materials and processes that are all crafted to work together as an interconnected system to drive learning. IMAX presents the latest version of the *Summit* series – specially crafted as an accompanying workbook series for the Maharashtra state board textbooks.

The *Summit* series endeavours to be faithful to the spirit of the National Curriculum Framework (NCF) 2005 in conjunction with the content covered and approach adopted in the Maharashtra state board textbooks.

The NCF 2005 advocates the creation of age-appropriate and easily relatable content for EVS. It also recommends the use of graphics, illustrations and pictures to help students to engage with concepts and ideas better.

Below are some salient features of the *Summit* EVS-II workbooks series:

- ✓ Arrangement of questions based on the RUAH (Remember, Understand, Apply and Higher Order Thinking Skills) model based on Bloom's Taxonomy
- ✓ Visually engaging timelines that summarise information from the lessons
- ✓ Stimulating Application and Higher Order Thinking Skills (HOTS) questions that ensure students engage with the content and not just focus on rote learning
- ✓ Use of maps and scenario-based questions in the workbooks
- ✓ All textbook questions that require space for writing have been included.

Overall, the IMAX *Summit* series aims to enhance social, cultural and analytical skills for the intuitive and harmonious growth of an individual in an interconnected and independent global community.

– The Authors

Workbook Features



Let us Recap

An activity to be used to recap the main points covered in the lesson



Remembering

Questions aimed at helping students to recollect critical information regarding the 'who', 'what', 'when' and 'where' of the concept



Understanding

Questions aimed at helping students engage with the 'how' and 'why' of the concept



Application and HOTS

Applying the understanding of the concept to questions related to real-life scenarios and challenging questions that meet the criteria of higher order thinking skills



Activity

Activities that can be done to enhance learning



Formative

Activities that can be used for the Formative Assessments

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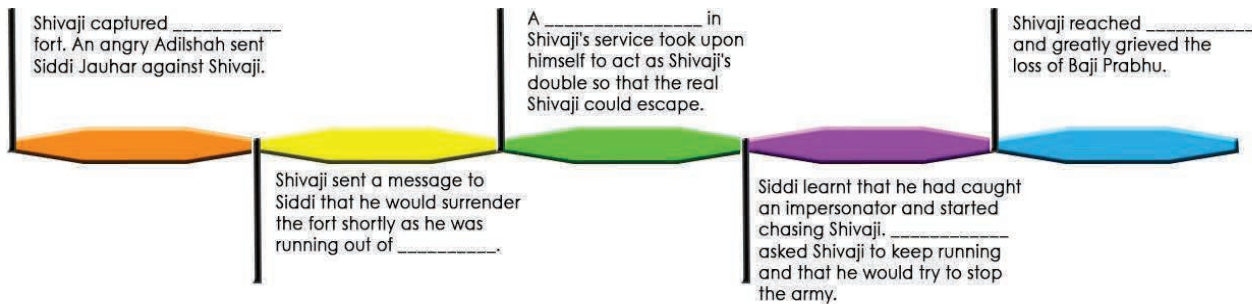
LESSON 10: BAJI PRABHU AND THE MEMORABLE BATTLE OF GHODKHIND



Let us Recap

- 1) Shivaji captured the Panhala fort from Bijapur. Adilshah, in a fit of rage dispatched another Sardar, Siddi Jauhar, against Shivaji.
- 2) Siddi Jauhar laid siege to Panhalgad and confined Shivaji within the fort.
- 3) The brave youth who resembled Shivaji, sacrificed his own life and became immortal.
- 4) On realising that Shivaji had escaped, Siddi despatched his Sardar Siddi Masaud with a big army after Shivaji.
- 5) The blood of brave patriots like Baji Prabhu made Ghodkhind a place holy in Swaraj and it became immortal in history as 'Pavan Khind'.

Fill in the blanks



Remembering

Very Short Answer Questions

Match the following

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| (1) Ghodkhind | (a) disciplinarian |
| (2) Siddi Jauhar | (b) captured by Shivaji |
| (3) Panhala Fort | (c) fought with great courage |
| (4) Baji Prabhu | (d) wild rage |
| (5) Adilshah | (e) Pavan Khind |

Fill in the blanks

- 6) Siddhi Jauhar was brave but _____.
- 7) Shivaji sent a message to _____ to the effect that he would shortly surrender the fort.
- 8) A _____ resembled Shivaji in looks, and even bore the same name.

- 9) Shivaji was accompanied by _____ and some select soldiers.
- 10) After Shivaji gave Siddi the slip, Siddi immediately dispatched _____ along with a big army, in hot pursuit of Shivaji.

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one or two sentences

- 11) What did Shivaji say to Baji Prabhu, while leaving for Vishalgad fort?
(Textbook, Pg. 41)

Ans. _____

- 12) What message was sent to Siddi Jauhar by Shivaji, in order to escape from the siege? (Textbook, Pg. 41)

Ans. _____

- 13) Why did Adilshah become angry?

Ans. _____



Understanding

Short Answer Questions

Answer the following

14) Why did Siddi Jauhar become livid with rage? *(Textbook, Pg. 41)*

Ans. _____

Give reasons

15) The Shivaji in service of Shivaji Maharaj became immortal. *(Textbook, Pg. 41)*

Ans. _____

16) Pavan Khind became immortal in History. *(Textbook, Pg. 41)*

Ans. _____

17) Adilshah was thrown into a fit of wild rage. *(Textbook, Pg. 41)*

Ans. _____

Long Answer Questions

Answer the following

18) Which plan was hit upon for Shivaji's escape from the siege? *(Textbook, Pg. 41)*

Ans. _____

19) What preparation did Baji Prabhu make to halt the enemy in the Ghodkhind Pass? *(Textbook, Pg. 41)*

Ans. _____

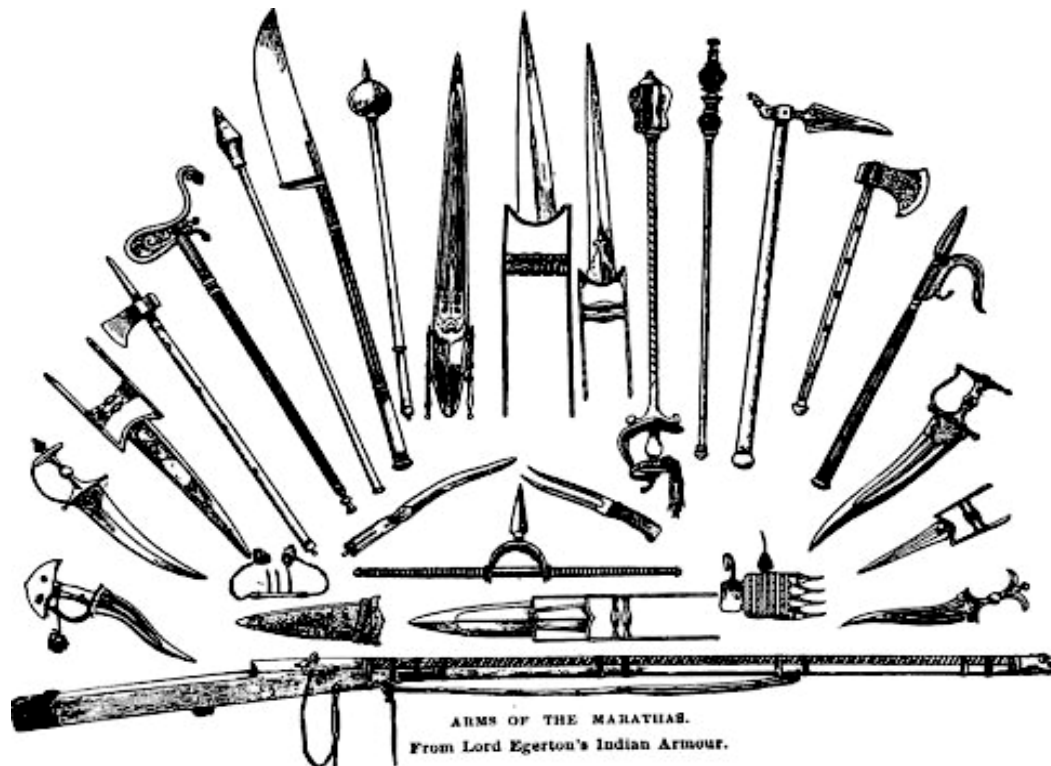


Application and HOTS

Short Answer Question

Answer the following

- 20) These are different weapons used in the medieval period during wars. Collect some pictures of weapons used these days during wars. Write their names too.



Ans.



Long Answer Question

Answer the following

- 21) While out for battles, the leaders and army have to go very well-prepared. What sort of preparation do you think would be required? What people or materials would Shivaji and his men have taken along with them to face the battlefield?

Hints:

People: couriers, bodyguards and even cooks and tailors

Materials: food, medicines, weapons, maps and other useful items

Ans. _____



Activity

22) Obtain more information about the dedicated people in the service of Shivaji Maharaj with the guidance of your teacher. *(Textbook, Pg. 41)*

Ans. _____



Formative

Renamed Places of India

- **Stage 1:** Find the names of three places that Shivaji Maharaj renamed. Write why they were renamed.

| Old name | New name | Why was it renamed? |
|----------|----------|---------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

- **Stage 2:** Find out four places that were renamed in honour of Shivaji many years after he died.

Hint:

Look for the names of airports, stations, museums and other public places.

| Old name | New name |
|----------|----------|
| | |
| | |
| | |

- Stage 3:** When the English came to India, they had trouble pronouncing some Indian names. To make things easier for themselves, they changed the names of these places. After winning independence, Indians wanted these names to be changed back to their original names. For example, 'Mumbai' became 'Bombay' and then it was changed back to 'Mumbai'.

Find out the names of ten places that have been renamed by the English.

| Old name | British name | Present-day name | Which do you like better? |
|----------|--------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| 1) | | | |
| 2) | | | |
| 3) | | | |
| 4) | | | |
| 5) | | | |

| | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| 6) | | | |
| 7) | | | |
| 8) | | | |
| 9) | | | |
| 10) | | | |

What do you think about the renaming of places? Write three sentences.

Ans.



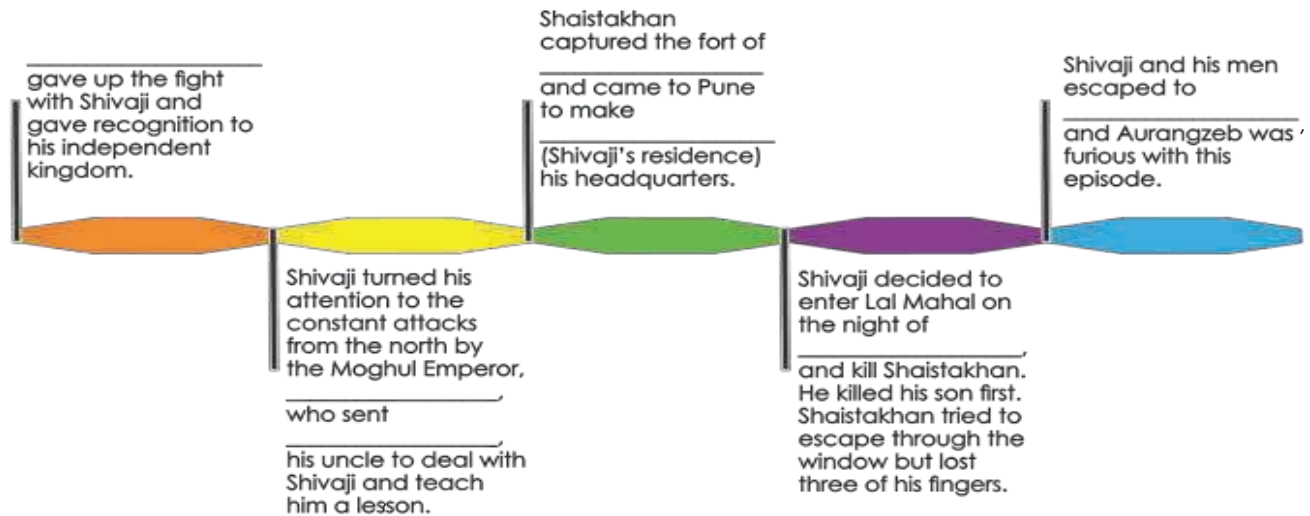
LESSON 11: THE DISCOMFITURE OF SHAISTAKHAN



Let us Recap

- 1) Shivaji started raiding territories under the control of Aurangzeb. An enraged Aurangzeb sent his uncle, Shaistakhan, with a huge army to Pune to counter Shivaji.
- 2) On the way he captured the towns of Shirval, Shivapur, Saswad and the fort Purandar. Firangoji Narsala bravely defended the fort of Chakan for two of months.
- 3) Shaistakhan arrived in Pune and made Lal Mahal his headquarters. He destroyed the countryside.
- 4) On 5th April, 1663 Shivaji and his troops entered Lal Mahal. They chopped off Shaistakhan's fingers and killed his son. Shaistakhan lost his nerve and Aurangzeb transferred him to Bengal.
- 5) This was the first serious blow to the Moghul power.

Fill in the blanks



Remembering

Very Short Answer Questions

Match the following

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| 1) Shaistakhan | (a) Lal Mahal was raided by Shivaji |
| 2) Firangoji Narsala | (b) transferred Shaistakhan to Bengal |
| 3) 5 th April, 1663 | (c) was Aurangzeb's uncle |
| 4) Maratha troops | (d) defended the fort of Chakan |
| 5) Aurangzeb | (e) survived on onions and bajra bread |

Mark true or false

- 6) Every Sardar of Bijapur who was sent against Shivaji was defeated. []
- 7) Maratha troops were unable to capture the fort of Purandar from Shaistakhan. []
- 8) Lal Mahal was Shivaji's residence. []
- 9) It was rather easy to enter Lal Mahal as it was not well guarded. []
- 10) Shivaji killed Shaistakhan when he was fast asleep. []

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one sentence

- 11) Which towns did Shaistakhan capture on the way to Pune?
(Textbook, Pg. 44)

Ans. _____

- 12) What was Shaistakhan afraid that might happen? *(Textbook, Pg. 44)*

Ans. _____

13) How big was Shaistakhan's army?

Ans. _____



Understanding

Short Answer Questions

Answer the following

14) Why did Shivaji and his troops join a marriage procession?

Ans. _____

15) Why did Shaistakhan at last raise the siege of Purandar? (*Textbook, Pg. 44*)

Ans. _____

16) How did Shivaji know Lal Mahal inside out?

Ans. _____

17) What did Shaistakhan shout when Shivaji entered his chamber? What did he do after Shivaji cut off his fingers? Why?

Ans. _____

Long Answer Questions

Give reasons

18) Emperor Aurangzeb was enraged and sent Shaistakhan to deal with Shivaji. *(Textbook, Pg. 44)*

Ans. _____

19) Shaistakhan tried to escape through the window. *(Textbook, Pg. 44)*

Ans.



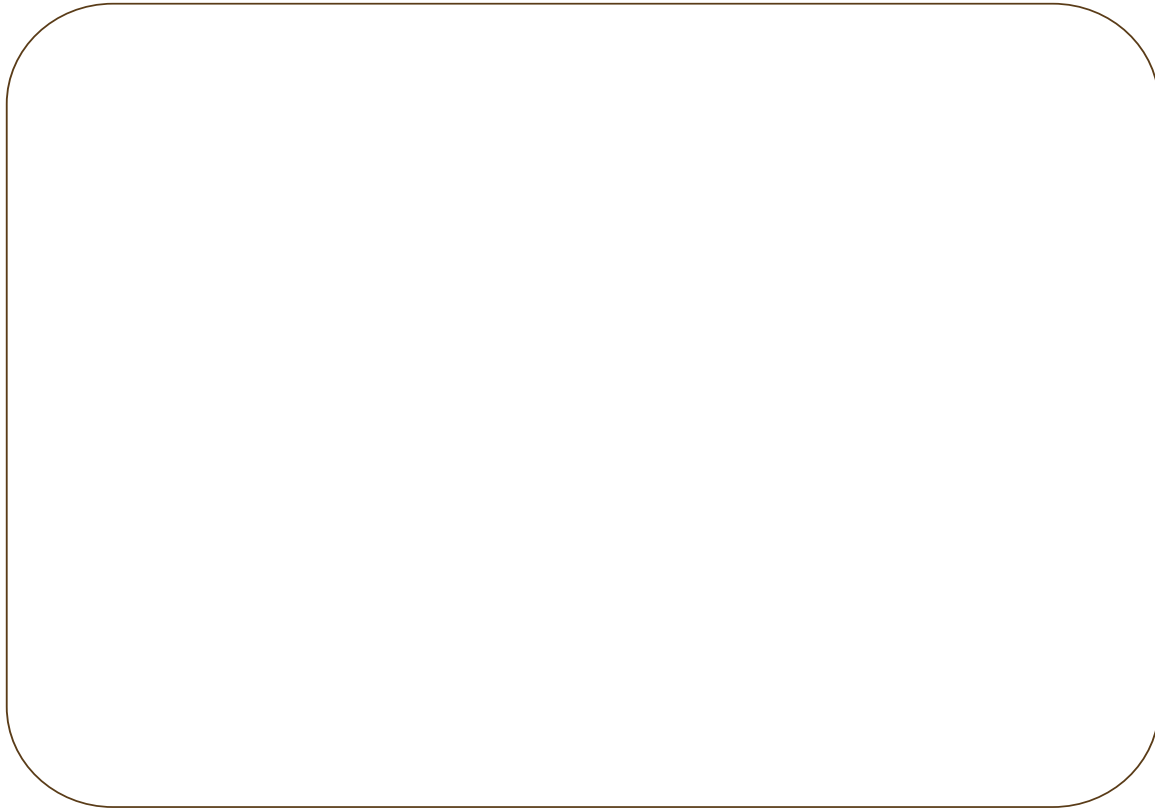
Application and HOTS

Short Answer Question

Think and answer

20) On a map, draw the route Shaistakhan took to reach Pune and the places he attacked. Paste the map here:

Ans.



Long Answer Question

Answer the following

- 21) Based on the lesson you have read, write about at least three strategies or tactics adopted by Shivaji to defeat his enemy.

Ans. _____



Activity

22) Arrange a trip to visit Lal Mahal. (*Textbook, Pg. 44*)

Hints:

- Look up on the internet and find out where Lal Mahal is. How far is it from your place? How does one go there?
- Do you have to travel by bus or train? How much time is needed?

What are the interesting facts about the place?

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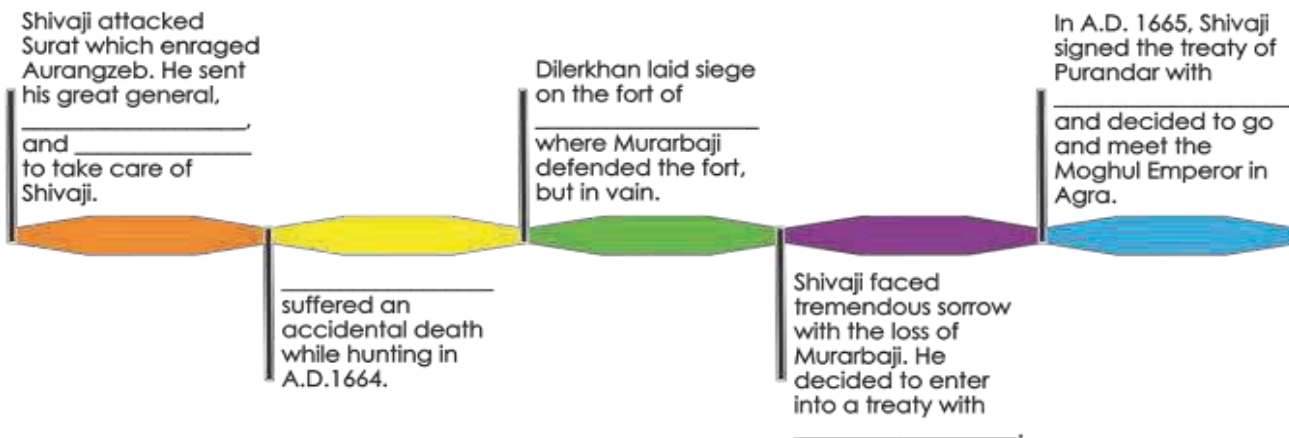
LESSON 12: THE SIEGE OF PURANDAR AND THE TREATY WITH THE MOGHUL EMPEROR



Let us Recap

- 1) Shivaji successfully carried out a raid on the trade city of Surat.
- 2) To teach Shivaji a lesson, Aurangzeb sent his trusted general, Mirza Raje Jaising and Dilerkhan with a huge army.
- 3) Knowing the importance of Purandar in defeating Shivaji, Dilerkhan laid siege to the fort of Purandar.
- 4) Murarbaji fought the Moghuls at Purandar with great courage. He refused Dilerkhan's offer to join them and was eventually killed by him.
- 5) To stop his men from dying in war, Shivaji decided to make peace with Aurangzeb. He signed the treaty of Purandar and was willing to go to Agra to meet Aurangzeb.

Fill in the blanks



Remembering

Very Short Answer Questions

Match the following

- | | |
|------------------------|--|
| (1) Surat | (a) entered into a treaty with Aurangzeb |
| (2) Dilerkhan | (b) died fighting at Purandar |
| (3) Mirza Raje Jaising | (c) a great centre of trade |
| (4) Shivaji | (d) asked Murarbaji to join them |
| (5) Murarbaji | (e) a Rajput General |

Fill in the blanks

- 6) The treaty of Purandar was signed in _____.
- 7) _____ was one of Shivaji's strong forts.
- 8) Aurangzeb sent Mirza Raje Jaising and _____ to the Deccan.

9) _____ was killed by an arrow shot by Dilerkhan.

10) _____ persuaded Shivaji to sign a peace treaty with the Emperor.

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one or two sentences

11) According to the treaty of Purandar, what territory was to be handed over to the Moghuls? (*Textbook, Pg. 49*)

Ans. _____

12) What did Dilerkhan say to Murarbaji on seeing his valour? (*Textbook, Pg. 49*)

Ans. _____

13) What did Murarbaji say in return? (*Textbook, Pg. 49*)

Ans. _____



Understanding

Short Answer Questions

Answer the following

14) Why did Shivaji carry out a raid on Surat? (*Textbook, Pg. 49*)

Ans. _____

15) Why did Dilerkhan lay siege to the Purandar fort? (*Textbook, Pg. 49*)

Ans. _____

16) Why did Dilerkhan want Murarbaji on the Moghul side?

Ans. _____

17) Why did Aurangzeb send Mirza Raje and Dilerkhan to the Deccan?

Ans. _____

Long Answer Questions

Answer the following

18) Why did Shivaji enter into a treaty with the Moghul Emperor?
(Textbook, Pg. 49)

Ans. _____

19) Why was Shivaji reluctant to go to Agra to meet the Emperor?

Ans. _____



Application and HOTS

Short Answer Question

Answer the following

20) Why was Shivaji considered sensible and statesmanlike?

Ans. _____

Long Answer Question

Think and answer

21) What do we learn about the character of Shivaji from this lesson?

Ans. _____



Activity

22) Arrange a trip to visit a fort nearby. Obtain some information about it from your teachers. (*Textbook, Pg. 49*)

Hints:

- Find out when the fort was built and what its purpose was.
- Plan a trip taking the help of your teachers and also use the internet to find information on how to reach there, and so on.



LESSON 13: SHIVAJI GIVES THE SLIP TO THE EMPEROR



Let us Recap

- 1) Shivaji, along with his son, Sambhaji Raje, left for Agra to meet the Emperor.
- 2) At Aurangzeb's court Shivaji was humiliated. He was made to stand below his rank and status. In anger, Shivaji turned his back on the king and went back to his residence.
- 3) An enraged Aurangzeb ordered guards to be posted at Shivaji's residence making him and his son a prisoner.
- 4) Shivaji decided to escape from Agra. He hatched a clever scheme and hid himself and his followers in sweet baskets.
- 5) Shivaji and Sambhaji Raje successfully gave the slip to the Emperor and reached back to their kingdom safely.

Fill in the blanks



Remembering

Very Short Answer Questions

Fill in the blanks

- 1) Aurangzeb's court was called _____.
- 2) _____ was given a place ahead of Shivaji in Aurangzeb's court.
- 3) At Agra, Shivaji understood the treachery of _____.
- 4) Hiroji Farjand and _____ helped in freeing Shivaji.
- 5) Shivaji and Sambhaji Raje escaped by _____ in huge baskets.

Mark true or false

- 6) Putting his trust in Jaising, Shivaji left for Agra. []
- 7) Shivaji went alone to Agra in order to protect his family. []

- 8) Shivaji and Sambhaji Raje stayed behind at Mathura. []
- 9) During his stay at Agra, Shivaji became ill. []
- 10) Shivaji gave the slip to Aurangzeb and returned in 1666 AD. []

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one sentence

- 11) To whom did Shivaji hand over the administration of Swaraj before leaving for Agra? (*Textbook, Pg. 52*)

Ans. _____

- 12) Who were the only persons left with Shivaji in Agra? (*Textbook, Pg. 52*)

Ans. _____

- 13) What was the first thing Shivaji did to escape the clutches of Emperor Aurangzeb?

Ans. _____



Understanding

Short Answer Questions

Answer the following

14) What did Shivaji do for his quick recovery? *(Textbook, Pg. 52)*

Ans.

15) What was the Emperor's treachery in Agra?

Ans.

16) Why did Shivaji leave the court of Aurangzeb angrily? *(Textbook, Pg. 52)*

Ans.

17) Why did Shivaji Maharaj decide to escape from the Emperor's clutches?

Ans.

Long Answer Questions

Answer the following

18) What strategy did Shivaji use to escape from Agra? *(Textbook, Pg. 52)*

Ans. _____

19) How did Hiroji and Madari help in Shivaji's escape?

Ans. _____



Application and HOTS

Short Answer Question

Think and answer

20) Why do you think Aurangzeb insulted Shivaji?

Ans. _____

Long Answer Question

Answer the following

21) Shivaji was courageous and daring as he was skilful and intelligent.
Do you think this is true? Why?

Ans. _____



Activity

22) Paint/Prepare a scene depicting the incident of Shivaji's escape from Agra. (Textbook, Pg. 52)

Hints:

- Read more about this incident to gather further details.
- Use your imagination to feel what must have been going on in Shivaji's mind at that moment, how must he have felt, and then try to draw.

A large, empty rounded rectangular box with a thin brown border, intended for the student to draw a scene depicting Shivaji's escape from Agra.



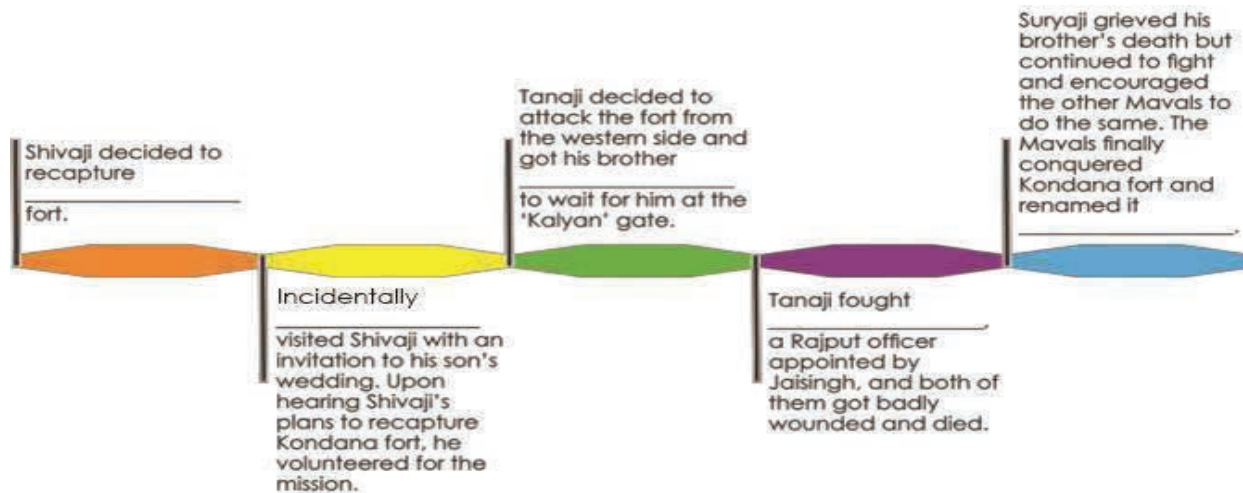
LESSON 14: THE FORT IS CAPTURED BUT THE LION IS DEAD



Let us Recap

- 1) The twenty-three forts, which Shivaji handed over to Jaising, were still in the hands of the Moghuls.
- 2) Tanaji was strong and well-built and as clever as he was brave. He was passionately devoted to Shivaji.
- 3) "I shall first perform the marriage of Kondana by capturing it. Raiba's wedding can wait", with these words, Tanaji took charge of the campaign and left for Kondana.
- 4) Tanaji quietly made a detailed inspection of the fort. With the plan thus finalised, Suryaji and Tanaji went their different ways.
- 5) Shivaji Maharaj expressed his sorrow in a single sentence: 'The fort is won, but the lion is dead'.

Fill in the blanks



Remembering

Very Short Answer Questions

Fill in the blanks

- 1) The _____ forts, that Shivaji handed over to Jaisingh, were still in the hands of the Moghuls.
- 2) Shivaji started making plans for the _____ of Kondana.
- 3) _____ was Shivaji's comrade right from the beginning.
- 4) Tanaji was busy making preparations for his _____ wedding.
- 5) _____ was a disciplined and vigilant officer.

Who am I?

6) I was passionately devoted to Shivaji.

Ans. _____

7) We were very unhappy that Kondana was in Moghul hands.

Ans. _____

8) I was deeply grieved to know that my brother was dead.

Ans. _____

9) I was a Rajput officer appointed by Jaising.

Ans. _____

10) We found ourselves without a leader after the death of Tanaji.

Ans. _____

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one sentence

11) In whose hands was the Kondana fort? (*Textbook, Pg. 56*)

Ans. _____

12) What did Jijamata say to Shivaji about Kondana? *(Textbook, Pg. 56)*

Ans. _____

13) Who took charge of the campaign of Kondana? *(Textbook, Pg. 56)*

Ans. _____

14) What did Shivaji say on receiving the invitation from Shelarmama?
(Textbook, Pg. 56)

Ans. _____



Understanding

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one or two sentences

15) What was a thorn in Shivaji and Jijamata's sides? Why?

Ans. _____

16) Why do you think that Kondana was renamed 'Sinhagad'?

Ans. _____

17) How did Tanaji want to perform the marriage of Kondana?

Ans. _____

18) Why were Jijamata and Shivaji Maharaj struck with grief?

Ans. _____

Long Answer Questions

Answer the following

- 19) What did Suryaji say to the retreating Mavlas? (*Textbook, Pg. 56*)
Why did he say so?

Ans. _____

- 20) Write about Tanaji's plan for recapturing Kondana in your own words.

Ans. _____



Application and HOTS

Short Answer Question

Answer the following

- 21) Choose two examples from the lesson which stand out to you as examples of Tanaji's immense contribution to Shivaji. Write down which qualities or values did Tanaji display in those instances.

Ans.

Long Answer Question

Think and answer

- 22) Do tactics and strategy matter in war? Explain.

Hints:

- How does more wealth, access to resources and man-power change the odds for a fighting side? Does it give one side the upper hand?
- What other factors matter in war?

Ans.

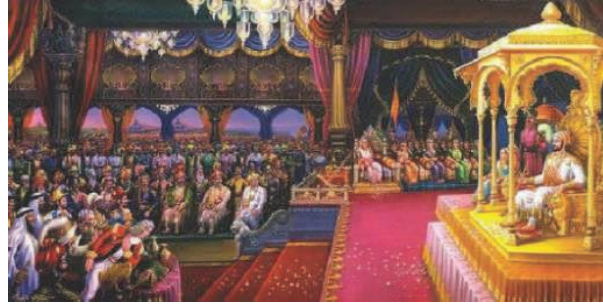


Activity

23) Make a list of historical monuments in your area. (*Textbook, Pg. 56*)

Hints:

- Taj Mahal, Qutb Minar and Red Fort are examples of historical monuments in our country.
- Find out which monuments are the closest to you with the help of the internet and by asking your parents and teachers.



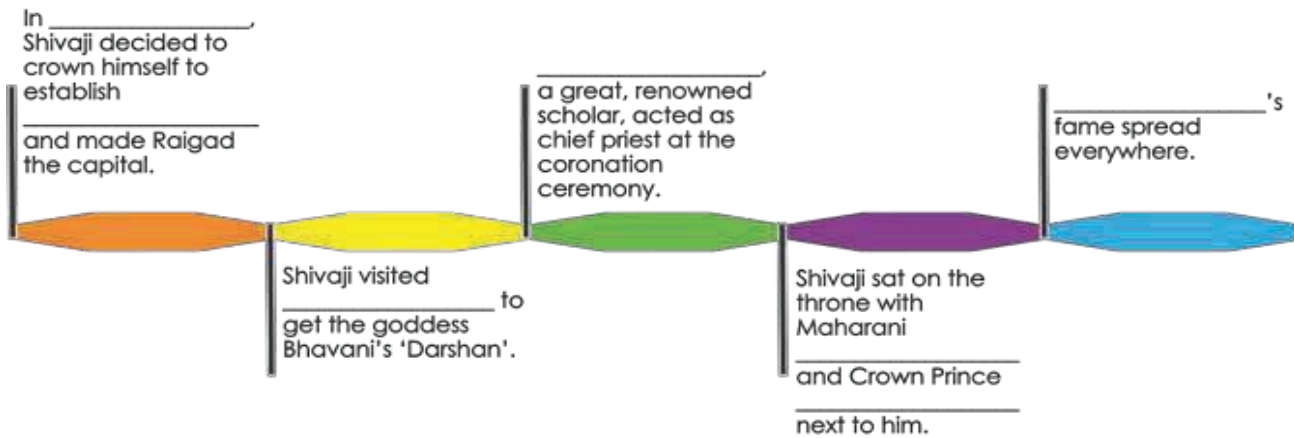
LESSON 15: A MEMORABLE CEREMONY



Let us Recap

- 1) After hundreds of years, a king was born in Maharashtra who would treat all religions equally and give justice and happiness to his subjects.
- 2) Shivaji Raje ordered a golden throne to be made and had it studded with precious stones.
- 3) Gagabhatt came from Varanasi to act as the chief priest at the ceremony.
- 4) Nearly fifty thousand people gathered. Small tents, big tents, spacious shamianas to accommodate the guests could be seen everywhere.
- 5) Jijamata's efforts over the last thirty years had, at last, borne fruit. The dream she had nursed even before Shivaji's birth had, at last, come true.

Fill in the blanks



Remembering

Very Short Answer Questions

Fill in the blanks

- 1) Shivaji took the oath of Swaraj in the temple of _____.
- 2) Shivaji inspected his troops at _____.
- 3) Gagabhatt originally belonged to _____ but had settled down in _____.
- 4) Nearly _____ people gathered at Raigad for the coronation of Shivaji.
- 5) At the coronation, Gangabhatt carried a gold vessel with water from _____.

Strike out the wrong option

- 6) crown, canopy, troops
- 7) Sardars, Paithan, officers
- 8) rivers, hills, seas
- 9) air, instruments, music
- 10) dahi, ghee, gold

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one sentence

- 11) The water of which seven rivers was filled in the golden vessel?
(Textbook, Pg. 59)

Ans. _____

- 12) What calendar did Shivaji Maharaj start from the year of his coronation?
(Textbook, Pg. 59)

Ans. _____

- 13) Where did Gagabhatt settle down?

Ans. _____



Understanding

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one or two sentences

14) Who had nursed Swaraj with their blood? What happened to the idea of Swaraj as a result of their efforts?

Ans. _____

15) Why did Shivaji select Raigad as the capital of his kingdom?
(Textbook, Pg. 59)

Ans. _____

16) Why did Shivaji Maharaj have himself crowned? *(Textbook, Pg. 59)*
Did he do it for himself?

Ans. _____

17) Why were Jijamata's eyes filled with tears of joy? (Textbook, Pg. 59)

Ans. _____

Long Answer Questions

Answer the following

18) How did Shivaji's fame spread everywhere?

Ans. _____

19) Describe Shivaji's coronation ceremony in your own words.

Ans. _____



Application and HOTS

Short Answer Question

Answer the following

20) What measures were taken, after the coronation, to further spread Shivaji's fame? Do you think they were successful?

Hints:

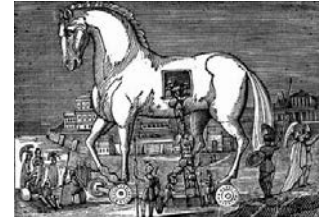
- Shivaji started a new calendar that would begin with the coronation.
- He struck new coins.
- The news of the coronation was spread by the guests and foreign envoys.

Ans.

Long Answer Question

Answer the following

21) What are some clever strategies used by kings to defeat their opponents in a war?



Hints:

- Tanaji used the strategy of attacking the Moghuls from both entrances.
- The 'Trojan Horse' was also used as a decoy to distract the enemy in Ancient Greece.
- Indian kings would adorn their horses with "trunks" as the opposing elephants would refuse to attack the horses thinking they were elephants.

Ans. _____



Activity

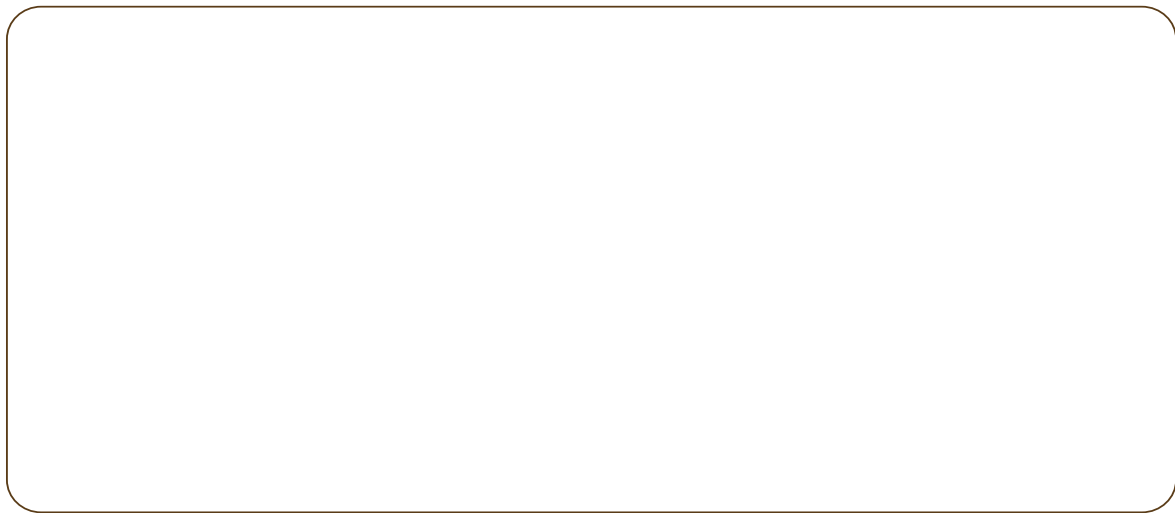
- 22) From your teacher, obtain information about the coins that Shivaji Maharaj struck at the time of his coronation. (*Textbook, Pg. 59*)
- 23) Make a collection of various postal stamps. Make an exhibition of them in your class with the help of your class-mates. (*Textbook, Pg. 59*)



Formative

Coronations in India:

- **Stage 1:** Draw three pictures of what Shivaji's coronation preparations looked like:



- **Stage 2:** With the help of your parents and teachers, use the internet and reference books to find out how three rulers from three different continents were crowned. Write two paragraphs about each of the three coronation ceremonies.

Hints:

- When and where did it take place?

- What were the special items prepared for the ceremony?
- Who all were invited?

Ans.

- **Stage 3:** How do the leaders of the government formally take up their positions today? Make a presentation to your class about the swearing-in ceremonies in different countries.



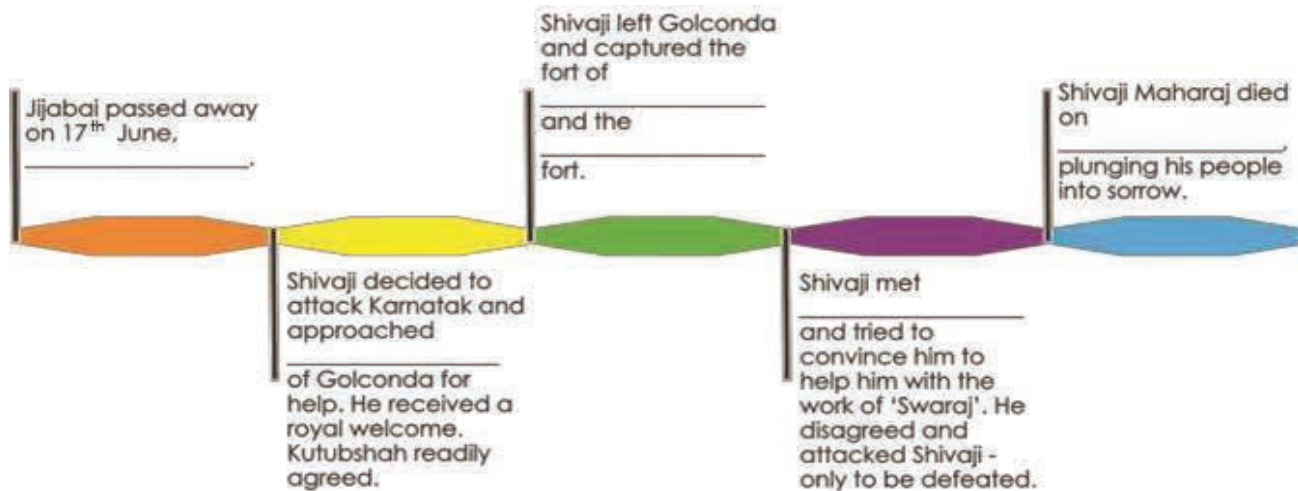
LESSON 16: CAMPAIGN IN THE SOUTH



Let us Recap

- 1) While all his subjects looked upon Shivaji Maharaj as their protector, Shivaji Maharaj himself depended upon the advice and help of Maasaheb, who passed away on 17th June, 1674.
- 2) The real threat to Swaraj was from the North for the Moghul Emperor, Aurangzeb, who was biding his time to destroy the Maratha Kingdom.
- 3) Shivaji's step brother, Vyankoji, was looking after Shahji Raje's Tanjavur Jagir in the south.
- 4) Abul Hasan Kutubshah of Golconda had invited Shivaji to visit Golconda. He made great preparations to receive Shivaji.
- 5) On 3rd April, 1680, Shivaji Maharaj died, plunging his people into a sea of sorrow.

Fill in the blanks



Remembering

Very Short Answer Questions

Fill in the blanks

- 1) _____ was the true guide and Guru in Shivaji's life.
- 2) As Shivaji entered into the capital, people lined up on the street to have his _____.
- 3) Golconda was the capital of _____ Kingdom.
- 4) _____ treated Shivaji with indifference.
- 5) To the south of _____ is the fort of Jinji.

Answer in one word

6) How old was Shivaji when he died?

Ans. _____

7) Who was Shivaji's step-brother?

Ans. _____

8) Where did Shivaji Maharaj decide to attack first?

Ans. _____

9) Who was Vyankoji's wife?

Ans. _____

10) Who was the real threat to Swaraj from the north?

Ans. _____

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one sentence

11) What did Shivaji Maharaj say in his letter to Vyankoji Raje?
(Textbook, Pg. 64)

Ans. _____

12) What appeal was made by Shivaji Maharaj to Vyankoji Raje?
(Textbook, Pg. 64)

Ans. _____

13) Which area did Shivaji gift to Vyankoji's wife?

Ans. _____



Understanding

Short Answer Questions

Give reasons

14) Shivaji Maharaj planned a campaign of the South. (Textbook, Pg. 64)

Ans. _____

15) Shivaji Maharaj wrote to Vyankoji Raje and tried to persuade him to change his ways. *(Textbook, Pg. 64)*

Ans. _____

Answer the following

16) Why did Shivaji Maharaj receive a royal welcome at Golconda?

Ans. _____

17) Why did Shivaji Maharaj want to meet Vyankoji Raje? *(Textbook, Pg. 64)*

Ans. _____

Long Answer Questions

Answer the following

18) Write a short note on the achievements of Shivaji Maharaj.

Ans. _____

19) What makes Shivaji a national hero?

Hints:

- Shivaji had a vision for a unified country.
- He was also a secular ruler.
- People were happy and safe under him.

Ans.



Application and HOTS

Short Answer Question

Answer the following

- 20) Indicate any five places where Swaraj was established by Shivaji Maharaj on the given map of India.

Ans.



Long Answer Question

Answer the following

- 21) Which historical event is shown in the picture?
Describe it in your own words.



Ans.



Activity

- 22) Dramatize the conversation between Shivaji Maharaj and Vyankoji Raje at their meeting. (Textbook, Pg. 64)

Hints:

- Write the conversation between the two personalities. Make it as realistic as possible.
- Use proper intonation and body language, while you present it before you class in pairs.

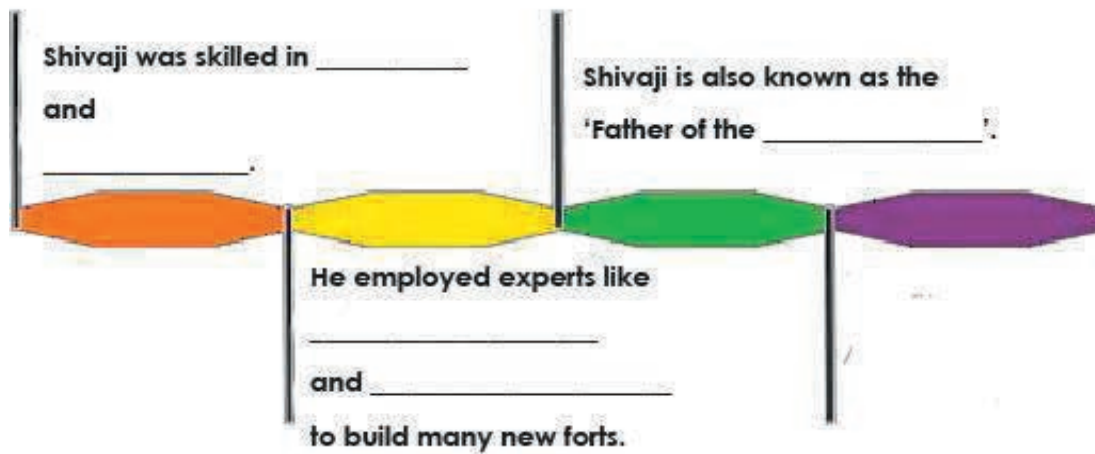


LESSON 17: MANAGEMENT OF FORTS AND THE NAVY



Let us Recap

- 1) Shivaji Maharaj's management skills helped him achieve success in establishing Swaraj.
- 2) Shivaji Maharaj built and repaired forts and efficiently managed them and protected them with guns.
- 3) Shivaji Maharaj created a strong and independent navy first time in medieval India.
- 4) He established a well-organized system of army intelligence.
- 5) Shivaji's guerrilla tactics were an important part of his war strategy.



Remembering

Very Short Answer Questions

Fill in the blanks

- 1) Shivaji Maharaj conquered many enemies to establish his _____.
- 2) The essence of the whole kingdom is _____.
- 3) A sea fort is also known as '_____ '.
- 4) _____ were made from metals like iron, copper or brass.
- 5) Sea-faring communities like Koli, Bhandari and Agari were part of the _____.

Match the following

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 6) Vijaydurg and Torana | (a) new sea fort |
| 7) Aadnyaapatra | (b) old forts |
| 8) Killedar | (c) Chief of Intelligence |
| 9) Sindhudurg | (d) Ramachandrapant Amatya |
| 10) Bahirji Naik | (e) fort administration |

Short Answer Questions

Answer in one sentence

11) What is 'management skill'?

Ans. _____

12) Who did Shivaji Maharaj appoint for the protection of the forts?

Ans. _____

13) What is the English title of the book *Aadnyapatra*?

Ans. _____



Understanding

Short Answer Questions

Answer the following

14) Who did Shivaji Maharaj employ to build new forts?

Ans.

15) How were the guns protected during the rainy season?

Ans.

16) Who were the enemies who attacked villages on the sea coast?

Ans.

17) Why is Shivaji Maharaj rightly called 'Father of the Indian Navy'? Write what you feel. *(Textbook, Pg. 69)*

Ans.

Long Answer Questions

Answer the following

18) Mention the areas in which we can see Shivaji Maharaj's management skills. *(Textbook, Pg. 69)*

Ans.

19) Write a short note on Shivaji's intelligence department.

Ans.



Application and HOTS

Short Answer Question

Answer the following

20) What was the difference between Shivaji Maharaj's troops and the soldiers of the Moghul Army?

Ans.

Long Answer Question

Answer the following

21) Which aspect of Shivaji Maharaj's management skills do you like the most? How will you use it in your daily routine? (*Textbook, Pg. 69*)

Ans.



Activity

22) Present a play in the classroom on the subject of 'An interview with Shivaji Maharaj'. (Textbook, Pg. 69)

Hints:

- Assign roles to the different students.
- Prepare a script on questions around some of the most dramatic events of Shivaji's life, such as his meetings with Afzalkhan, Shaistakhan or his escape from Agra.
- You can also ask him questions about his mother and how she inspired him to fight for Swaraj and so on.

23) Obtain information about the warships in the Indian Navy. (Textbook, Pg. 69)

Hints:

- The Indian Navy is equipped with ships like aircraft carriers, submarines, destroyers, frigates and patrol vessels. Use the internet to find out more.

Ans

24) Visit different types of forts and find out the names of the various places on it. (Textbook, Pg. 69)

Hints:

- Find out the names of the different gates, cannons, lakes, water sources, temples and so on.

Ans



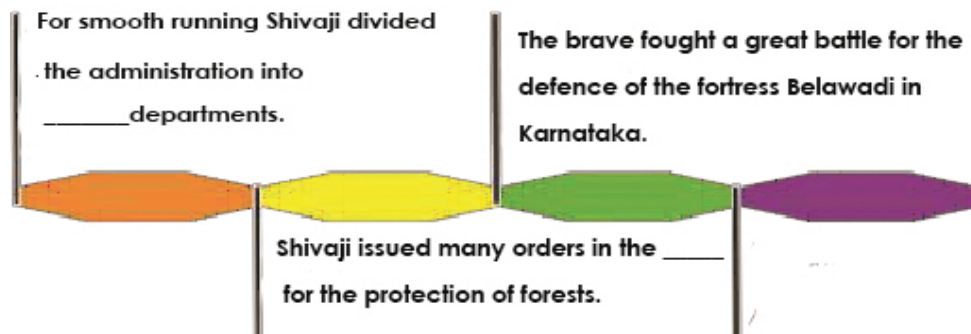
LESSON 18: MANAGEMENT OF THE WELFARE STATE OF SWARAJ



Let us Recap

- 1) Shivaji divided the administration into eight departments with a minister in charge of each.
- 2) Shivaji protected the environment by making sure that trees were not cut unnecessarily.
- 3) Shivaji's water management ensured that people did not suffer even during droughts.
- 4) His drought management policy made sure that no one remained hungry.
- 5) Shivaji encouraged trade with other region, built markets and promoted trade.
- 6) Shivaji had high regard for women and practiced religious tolerance.

Fill in the blanks



Remembering

Very Short Answer Questions

Fill in the blanks

- 1) People lived _____ in the welfare state of Swaraj.
- 2) People in Swaraj never felt the severity of _____ because of efficient water management.
- 3) Shivaji had a special _____ built in Raigad.
- 4) Shivaji ordered that women and _____ of the enemy camp were not to be harmed.
- 5) The religious policy of Shivaji Maharaj was _____.

Mark true or false

- 6) 'World Environment Day' is celebrated on 26th January, each year. []
- 7) Fruit trees like mango, jackfruit and other trees were not to be cut. []

8) Shivaji Maharaj had various bunds built to make drinking water available.

[]

9) During drought, Shivaji distributed grain to the people free of cost. []

10) Shivaji Maharaj had no respect for saints and holy men. []

Short Answer Questions

Answer the following

11) Which good qualities were seen among the people of Maharashtra?

Ans. _____

12) How did Shivaji make sure that the peasants did not suffer during droughts?

Ans. _____

13) Which four saints did Shivaji bestow great honour on?

Ans. _____



Understanding

Short Answer Questions

Answer the following

14) Why did Shivaji levy more taxes on goods imported from outside the region?

Ans. _____

15) How did Shivaji's navy promote sea trade?

Ans. _____

16) Which bush was instructed to be planted as a fence around houses in Swaraj?

Ans. _____

17) How did Shivaji respect the religious books of other communities?

Ans. _____

Long Answer Questions

Give reasons

18) An independent Hindavi Swaraj was created. *(Textbook, Pg. 77)*

Ans.

19) The people in Swaraj did not feel the severity of drought.
(Textbook, Pg. 77)

Ans.

20) Shivaji Maharaj honoured Mallamma Desai. (Textbook, Pg. 77)

Ans.



Application and HOTS

Short Answer Question

Think and answer

21) Shivaji had many trade posts and markets built to help farmers and artisans sell their produce and wares. How does a market place help a farmer sell his produce?

Ans.

Long Answer Question

Think and answer

22) Shivaji, in his Royal Edict, gave clear instructions to ensure that the environment would not be destroyed. What are the things you can do to protect the environment?

Hints:

- Ensure minimum wastage of water by spreading awareness.
- Plant more trees.
- Ensure proper waste disposal.
- Spread awareness about limited use of plastics.
- Switch off electric lights when not in use.
- Don't waste food.

Ans.



Activity

23) Hold a market in the premises of your school. List the various goods and their prices. Visit the local market to do that. (*Textbook, Pg. 77*)

Hints:

- You can set up a *haat* or a local market with seasonal fruits, vegetables and handicraft items that are made by the students.
- Compare the prices of handicraft items in the market and decide how much the handicraft items made by you should cost.
- Advertise the local market in your school and in the neighbourhood.
- Make a list of expenses incurred and profits made.
- Discuss with your teacher how the profit should be best used.
Remember to keep the welfare of society in mind.

24) What trees have been planted in the neighbourhood of your school? What do you do to conserve them? (*Textbook, Pg. 77*)

Hints:

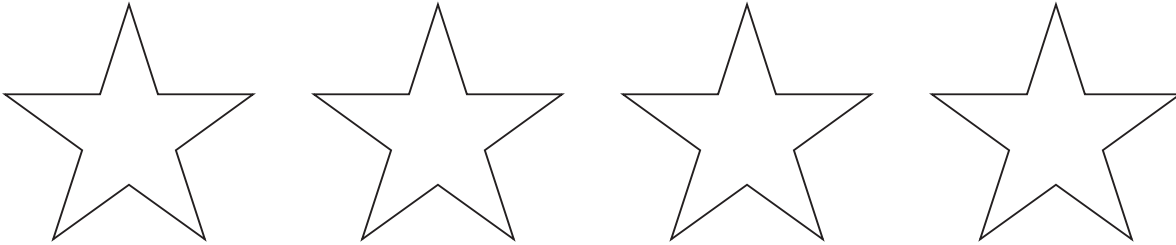
- Make a list of all the trees in the neighbourhood of your school. Write both the Marathi and English names.
- Find out from your school gardener how to look after the different kinds of trees and plants.
- Make a plan for groups of students to look after and conserve the trees. Remember Shivaji's virtue of caring for the environment and continue the tradition.



Formative

Who inspires you?

- **Stage 1:** Write four qualities of Shivaji Maharaj that inspire you, personally.



- **Stage 2:** Find out about one inspirational ruler. Answer the following questions.
 - What is this ruler's name?
 - Where did he or she rule?
 - When did he or she rule?
 - What is he or she famous for?
 - What inspires you about this ruler?
- **Stage 3:** Make a presentation about the qualities of these rulers and how they inspire you. Write five actions that you can follow regularly that will help you become more like them. Make a poster to display these points.